# The Book of Romans

How to be Right with God





# Context:

• The 5 cycles of Paul's persuasive argument concerning justification.

Cycle 5: The Explanation Concerning Israel 9:1-11:32

Cycle 4: The Permanency of Justification 8:1-39

Cycle 3: The Benefits of Justification 5:1-7:25

Cycle 2: The Only Means Of Justification 3:21-4:25

Cycle 1: The Universal Need For Justification 1:18-3:20

The Universal Need of Justification:

The Function of the Law

\*\*\*Read Romans 3:19-20

# Outline:

1- Wrapping up Cycle 1:

- A. The parts of a Cycle:
- B. Cycle 1:

#### A. The parts of a Cycle:

Part 1 – Thematic Statement

Part 2 – Elaboration

Part 3 – Hypophora

Part 4 – Summary conclusion/transition

Cycle 5: The Explanation Concerning Israel 9:1-11:32

Cycle 4: The Permanency of Justification 8:1-39

Cycle 3: The Benefits of Justification 5:1-7:25

Cycle 2: The Only Means Of Justification 3:21-4:25

Cycle 1: The Universal Need For Justification 1:18-3:20

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
  - Elaboration: 1:20-2:29
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18
  - Summary conclusion/transition: 3:19-20

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
    - The wrath of God is revealed
    - Against ungodliness and unrighteousness
    - Who suppress the truth

# The Chain of Truth Suppression:

The truth of God →

truth suppression →

worthless reasoning →

foolish hearted (cf. Ps. 14:1) →

darkened heart

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
    - The wrath of God is revealed
    - Against ungodliness and unrighteousness
    - Who suppress the truth
    - Having the manifestation of God in them

What is understood from this thematic statement?

God's wrath is revealed against all ungodliness and unrighteousness of men...

Who are the ungodly and unrighteous?

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
  - Elaboration: 1:20-2:29
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18
  - Summary conclusion/transition: 3:19-20

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Elaboration: 1:20 2:29
    - Details on the truth being suppressed vv. 20-32
    - Inexcusability of pagan 2:1-11
    - Inexcusability of the Jew 2:12-29

What is understood from this elaboration?

- Created man has rejected the Creator...
- Pagans are guilty
- Jews are guilty

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
  - Elaboration: 1:20-2:29
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18
  - Summary conclusion/transition: 3:19-20

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18

Q1: What advantage has the Jew or circumcision? 3:1

Read 3:2

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18

Q2: Will Jewish unbelief make the faithfulness of God without effect? 3:3

Read vv. 3-4

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18

Q3: Is God unjust? 3:5

Read v. 6

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18

Q4: Why not say "let us do evil that good may come"

Read v. 8

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18

Q5: Are we (Jews) better than they (Gentiles)?

Read vv. 9-18

What is understood from this hypophora series?

- Jews had every advantage because of Scripture
- God is faithful despite man's unbelief
- God is just and will judge the world justly
- Jews are not better because ALL have sinned.

- B. Cycle 1: The Universal Need of Justification
  - Thematic Statement: 1:18-19
  - Elaboration: 1:20-2:29
  - Hypophora: 3:1-18
  - Summary conclusion/transition: 3:19-20

# Outline:

1- Wrapping up Cycle 1:

- A. According to Romans 3:19-20
- B. According to the whole counsel of God

- A. According to Romans 3:19-20
  - The subjects of the law
  - "whatever the law says, it says to those who are under the law"
  - The Law was a binding contract that Israel covenanted themselves to.
  - vv. 10-18 seem to also be in view applying to Gentiles as well. (cf. Ecc. 7:20)

- A. According to Romans 3:19-20
  - The purpose of the law

"THAT ever mouth may be stopped, and all the world may become guilty before God... for by the law is the knowledge of sin."

Where the law speaks man cannot. No man can stand before God and justify himself under God's law.

- A. According to Romans 3:19-20
  - The function of the law
  - "Therefore by the deeds of the law no flesh will be justified in His sight, for by the law is the knowledge of sin."
    - The law cannot justify man (WHY?)
    - The law is given to recognize this truth.

#### B. According to the whole counsel of God:

- A memorial function (Exodus 13:9-10)
- A civil or societal function (Exodus 18:14-16)
- A rule of life function (cf. Deuteronomy)
- A sanctifying function (Leviticus 11:44-45; Exodus 19:4-6)
- A revealing function (Romans 7:7-13; 1 Cor. 15:56)
- An evangelizing function (Galatians 3:24-25)
- A hygienic function (cf. the ritual cleansing)
- A governing health function (the kings were to write down the law by hand. Imagine if our politicians were to write down the constitution by hand.)

Are you good enough to get in?