

Outline to the book of Matthew:

I. The King Has Come 1:1-13:53

- 1. The Incarnation and the preparation of the King 1:1-4:11
- 2. The Declaration of the Principles of the King 4:12 7:29
- 3. The Manifestation of the King 8:1 11:1
- 4. The Opposition to the King 11:2 13:53

II. The Kingdom Has Not 13:54-28:20

- 5. The Reaction of the King, 13:54 19:2
- 6. The Formal Presentation and Rejection of the King, 19:3 25:46
- 7. The Crucifixion and the Resurrection of the King, 26:1-28:20

***Subpoints follow Stanley Toussaint's seven main divisions outlined in his commentary.

I. THE KING HAS COME 1:1-13:53

The Declaration of the Principles of the King 4:12 - 7:29

(Matthew 5:1-12)

"The Blessings of the Heirs of the Kingdom"

Outline:

- 1. Important questions
- 2. The 9 Blessings of the Sermon on the Mount vv. 1-12

- 1) Blessed are the poor in spirit, v. 3
- 2) Blessed are those who mourn, v. 4
- 3) Blessed are the meek, v. 5
- 4) Blessed are those who hunger and thirst for righteousness, v. 6
- 5) Blessed are the merciful v. 7

- 6) Blessed are the pure in heart, v. 8
 - "pure in heart" = someone who has been made this way.
 - Scripture is clear that no one is pure of heart or can achieve pureness in heart.
 - This is however, the result of someone who is justified by faith.

- 6) Blessed are the pure in heart, v. 8 Reward:
 - "For they shall see God."
 - This quality is shared by someone who has been declared righteous by God because of faith. The result is that they will see God.
 - This reward is clearly taught in OT texts regarding the kingdom.
 - God will dwell with His people.

- 6) Blessed are the pure in heart, v. 8 Application:
 - Have you been made positionally "pure in heart?"
 - Do you live practically in this position?

- 7) Blessed are the peacemakers, v. 9
 - Lit. a maker of peace.
 - Someone who seeks peace in disagreements with others.
 - This quality again has a tone related to forgiveness.

- 7) Blessed are the peacemakers, v. 9 Reward:
 - "For they shall be called sons of God."
 - "they shall be called" is a future tense.
 - Signifying that in the future (during the kingdom) is when this reward will occur.
 - Throughout Scripture the mention of inheritance or reward is used to remind the believer to finish well.

- 7) Blessed are the peacemakers, v. 9 Application:
 - The believer is a child of God.
 - The believer must live at peace in the hostile world we live in.
 - This was one of Paul's applications toward the end of Romans.

- 8) Blessed are those who are persecuted for righteousness' sake, v. 10
 - This is in the context of Jesus' ministry in Matthew.
 - Those who suffer for their association with the Messianic movement.

- 8) Blessed are those who are persecuted for righteousness' sake, v. 10 Reward:
 - "For theirs is the kingdom of heaven"
 - Close of the inclusio...
 - All these qualities are to exist in the heir of the kingdom.
 - The rewards are or will be theirs.
 - These qualities are true and inevitable. Jesus is using them to develop His kingdom invitation for that generation.

- 8) Blessed are those who are persecuted for righteousness' sake, v. 10 Application:
 - Can believers today suffer persecution?
 - What is persecution?
 - Do we focus on the glory ahead of us?

- 9) Blessed are you when they revile and persecute you, and say all kinds of evil against you falsely for My sake." vv. 11-12
 - Note the irony... Jesus says you are blessed when they curse you.
 - These verses have a tone of warning for those who would follow the Messianic movement.
 - But there is encouragement that they are blessed despite their persecution.
 - The implication is that they will face resistance and persecution so they shouldn't be discouraged away from Jesus when those things occur.

9) Blessed are you when they revile and persecute you, and say all kinds of evil against you falsely for My sake." vv. 11-12 Reward:

- "Rejoice and be exceedingly glad, for great is your reward in heaven, for so they persecuted the prophets who were before you."
- Jesus then pronounces the reward in two facets.
- First, their reward is "great" and "in heaven"
- This is safeguarded and guaranteed by God, and received in the kingdom.
- Second, the prophets of old were persecuted in the same way and so they are in the greatest of company.

9) Blessed are you when they revile and persecute you, and say all kinds of evil against you falsely for My sake." vv. 11-12 Reward:

- Jesus is preparing His followers for the inevitable persecution they will face because of the growing rejection of the Messianic movement.
- Not much has changed regarding the world's response to those who belong to Jesus.
- We MUST look forward to glory when we live this life.
- This life is "training for reigning."

I. THE KING HAS COME 1:1 – 13:53

The Declaration of the Principles of the King 4:12 - 7:29

(Matthew 5:13-20)

"The Necessity of Law-Keeping for Israel's restoration"

Outline:

- 1. The People's Purpose vv. 13-16
- 2. The Messiah's Purpose vv. 17-20

1- The People's Purpose vv. 13-16

A. Observations:

- 2 Metaphors describing the purpose of the nation of Israel.
 - 1) "You are the salt of the earth" v. 13
 - The intended purpose of Israel v. 13a (cf. Ex. 19:5-6)
 - Missing the purpose v. 13b
 - The expected result v. 13c
 - > "Thrown out" (cf. Deut. 29:27-29)
 - ➤ "and trampled underfoot by men." (cf. Dan. 7:23-28; Lk. 21:24; Rev. 11:2)

1- The People's Purpose vv. 13-16

A. Observations:

- 2 Metaphors describing the purpose of the nation of Israel.
 - 2) "You are the light of the world." v. 14
 - > The function of the chosen nation v. 14
 - > The implied assessment of 1st century Israel v. 15
 - > The charge to function properly v. 16

1- The People's Purpose vv. 13-16

B. Summary/Application:

- God intended Israel to be an influence in the world. (this is pictured by the image of salt)
- God also (later in history relative to Jesus speaking these things) has the Church influencing the world.
- Are we making the same mistakes that Israel did?
- Israel has been used by God to shine His revelation and plan for creation to the rest of the world.
- The Church presently is steward to God's light.
- Are we shining? Or do we need to change our batteries?

Outline:

- 1. The People's Purpose vv. 13-16
- 2. The Messiah's Purpose vv. 17-20

2- The Messiah's Purpose vv. 17-20

A. Observations:

- The purpose stated v. 17
- The purpose emphasized v. 18
- The correction stated v. 19
- The rejection of the religious leader's righteousness v. 20

2- The Messiah's Purpose vv. 17-20

B. Summary/Application:

- Jesus upheld the law.
- Jesus came to fulfill the righteousness of the law.
- Jesus promotes law keeping among the people.
- Jesus rejects the traditions of man negating the true intention of the law.
- This sets the frame of Jesus' following discussion on the law and the necessary corrections to the traditions promoted by the religious leaders.
- If Israel is to keep their salt and shine their light, it is necessary that they keep the law.

