The Book of Romans How to be Right with God

(The Doctrine of the Remnant)

Context

- God gives mercy
- God hardens hearts
- Gentiles have received mercy because of faith
- Israel have received hardening because of disobedience
- There is ALWAYS a remnant of Israel

The Justification of the Nation Israel:

Cycle 5: (9:30-33)

"The Stumbling of Israel"

- 1. Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30
- 2. Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31
- 3. Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a
- 4. The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33
- 5. The doctrine of the Remnant

1- Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30:

Observations:

- "what shall we say then?"
- "that Gentiles, who did not pursue righteousness, have attained to righteousness"
- "even the righteousness of faith" (cf. Romans 3:21-26)

- 1. Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30
- 2. Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31
- 3. Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a
- 4. The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33
- 5. The doctrine of the Remnant

2- Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31

Observations:

- "but Israel"
- "pursuing the law of righteousness"
- "has not attained to the law of righteousness, even the righteousness of faith"

- 1. Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30
- 2. Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31
- 3. Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a
- 4. The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33
- 5. The doctrine of the Remnant

3- Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a

Observations:

- "why?"
- "Because they did not seek it by faith"
- "but as it were, by the works of the law."

- 1. Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30
- 2. Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31
- 3. Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a
- 4. The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33
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4- The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33

Observations:

• "For they stumbled at the stumbling stone"

• "As it is written:"

- 1. Gentiles attain righteousness v. 30
- 2. Israel did not attain righteousness v. 31
- 3. Why Israel did not attain righteousness v. 32a
- 4. The doctrine of the stumbling stone vv. 32b-33
- 5. The doctrine of the Remnant

5- The doctrine of the Remnant:

1. The past

2. The present

3. The future

Key Passages:

- 1 Kings 16:29-19:18
- Isaiah 7:1-12:6

Observations: 1 Kings 16:29-19:18

- The Context 16:29-18:46
- Elijah's escape 19:1-9
- Elijah's complaint 19:10, 14
- God's correction 19:15-18

Summary: 1 Kings 16:29-19:18

- Israel was rebelling against God
- Despite Divine chastisement they continued
- Elijah defeats the prophets of Baal
- Elijah claims he alone is standing against apostasy
- God informs Elijah of the remnant within Israel

Observations: Isaiah 7:1-12:6

- Isaiah's son Shear-Jashub (a remnant shall return) 7:3
- The remnant and non-remnant's trust 8:5-8
- The remnant's deliverance 8:9-11
- The response to the stone of stumbling 8:14-17

Summary: Isaiah

- The non-remnant trusted in false gods and foreign nations
- The remnant trusted in God



- 1. The past
- 2. The present
- 3. The future

2- The Present

Key Passages:

- 1 Peter 2:1-10
- Romans 9-11

2- The Present

Observations: 1 Peter 2:1-10

- Peter's audience 1:1-2
- The spiritual state of the remnant 2:1-3
- Rightfully related to the stone 2:4-8
- The significance of this generation 2:9-10

2- The Present

Summary: 1 Peter

- The remnant of Israel is in the Church
- This is because they believed in Christ
- Israel is not "on the shelf"
- God is working in the remnant via the Church
- God is working in the non-remnant via Divine protection and regathering



- 1. The past
- 2. The present
- 3. The future

3- The Future

Key Passages:

- Isaiah 10:20-23
- Isaiah 41:8-16
- Joel 2:18-32

- God protects Israel

Summary/Application

- God protects Israel for the remnant's sake
- The Church is not the remnant though believing Jews are in the Church
- What does the remnant passages tell us about God?
 - ➤ His longsuffering?
 - ➤ His faithfulness?
 - ➢ His sovereignty?
 - ➤ His love?
 - ➢ His grace?